Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to – Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by UK SI 2021/904

PROFLOW TRADE PART A

Date of first edition: 5/14/2024 Safety Data Sheet dated 11/06/2024 version 2

kerakoll

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: PROFLOW TRADE PART A Trade code: KA0476

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Cement based Self Levelling Compound

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Kerakoll UK Ltd Tomlinson Road, Leyland, Lancashire, PR25 2DY, United Kingdom Tel. 01772 456831 safety@kerakoll.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

UK National Poisons Information Service. E-mail: npis.birmingham@nhs.net; Tel: +44 (0)344 892 0111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GB CLP regulation:

Skin Irrit. 2Causes skin irritation.Eye Dam. 1Causes serious eye damage.Skin Sens. 1BMay cause an allergic skin reaction.STOT SE 3May cause respiratory irritation.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

GB CLP regulation:

Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Hazard statements

- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

- P261 Avoid breathing dust.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

P305+P351+P33 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Contains

Portland Cement (Cr VI < 0,0002%)

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of UK REACH:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

When mixtures containing cement react with water, for instance when making concrete or mortar, or when the cement becomes wet, a strong alkaline solution is produced (high pH caused by the formation of calcium, sodium and potassium hydroxides).

Cement and mixtures containing cement may irritate the eyes, the mucous system, the throat and the respiratory system and cause coughing. Frequent inhalation of cement dust or mixtures containing cement over a long period of time increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

In case of prolonged contact with the skin, both cement and mixtures containing cement, including pastes, may cause skin sensitisation due to the presence of trace amounts of chromium VI salts. Where necessary, such an effect can be minimized by incorporating a special reducing agent to maintain the water-soluble chromium VI content to concentration rates below 0.0002% (2 ppm) on the total dry weight of cement.

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: PROFLOW TRADE PART A

Hazardous components within the meaning of GB CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥20-<50 %	LIMESTONE	CAS:1317-65-3 EC:215-279-6	Substance with a workplace exposure limit in Great Britain.	
≥20-<50 %	Portland Cement (Cr VI < 0,0002%)	CAS:65997-15-1 EC:266-043-4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT SE 3, H335; Skin Sens. 1B, H317	
<0.0015 %	6 CALCIUM DIHYDROXIDE	CAS:1305-62-0 EC:215-137-3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT SE 3, H335	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediatley and dispose off safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

SECTION	5: Firefighting	measures
5.1. Exting	uishing media	

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water. 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product must be stored in waterproof, dry, clean conditions and protected from contamination. Do not use aluminium containers due to incompatibility of the materials.

The product contains cement with an addition of a Chromium reducing agent (VI) and its effectiveness decreases with time. Consequently, packaging's of the material indicate information about the production date, storing conditions and the appropriate storage period for the maintaining of the activity of the reducing agent and for maintaining the soluble Chromium (VI) amount under 2ppm over the total dry weight referred to cement (BS EN 196-10).

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL) OEL Type Country **Occupational Exposure Limit** ACGIH Long Term: 0.025 mg/m3 (8h) **Ouartz** CAS: 14808-60-7 R, A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer LIMESTONE WEL-EH40 UNITED Long Term: 10 mg/m3 CAS: 1317-65-3 KINGDOM OF Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) GRFAT **BRITAIN AND** NORTHERN IRELAND UNITED WEL-EH40 Long Term: 4 mg/m3 KINGDOM OF Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND WEL-EH40 UNITED Long Term: 10 mg/m3 KINGDOM OF Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND UNITED WEL-EH40 Long Term: 4 mg/m3 KINGDOM OF Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND WEL-EH40 UNITED Long Term: 10 mg/m3 KINGDOM OF Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND WEL-EH40 UNITED Long Term: 4 mg/m3 KINGDOM OF Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) GREAT **BRITAIN AND** NORTHERN IRELAND Portland Cement (Cr VI < ACGIH Long Term: 1 mg/m3 (8h) 0,0002%) E,R, A4 - Pulm func, resp symptoms, asthma CAS: 65997-15-1 WEL-EH40 UNITED Long Term: 10 mg/m3 KINGDOM OF Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) GRFAT **BRITAIN AND** NORTHERN IRELAND WEL-EH40 UNITED Long Term: 4 mg/m3 KINGDOM OF Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) GRFAT **BRITAIN AND** NORTHERN IRELAND CALCIUM SULFATE ACGIH Long Term: 10 mg/m3 (8h) CAS: 7778-18-9 I - Nasal symptoms CALCIUM DIHYDROXIDE ACGIH Long Term: 5 mg/m3 (8h) CAS: 1305-62-0 Eye, URT and skin irr WEL-EH40 UNITED Long Term: 5 mg/m3 KINGDOM OF Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

CALCIUM DIHYDROXIDE Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 490 µg/l CAS: 1305-62-0

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 490 µg/l Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 320 µg/l Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 3 mg/l Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 1080 mg/kg

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

CALCIUM DIHYDROXIDE Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects CAS: 1305-62-0 Worker Professional: 1 mg/m³; Consumer: 1 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Professional: 4 mg/m³; Consumer: 4 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton. Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber. Respiratory protection:

Use respiratory protection where ventilation is insufficient or exposure is prolonged.

Thermal Hazards:

N.A.

Environmental exposure controls:

N.A.

Hygienic and Technical measures

N.A.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Solid Appearance and colour: Powder Grey Odour: Characteristic Odour threshold: N.A. pH: >10 Melting point / freezing point: N.A. Initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A. Flash point: > 93°C Evaporation rate: N.A. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A. Vapour density: N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A. Relative density: 1.16 g/cm3 Notes: > @20°C Solubility in water: Slightly soluble Solubility in oil: N.A. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A. Auto-ignition temperature: N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A. Viscosity: N.A. Explosive properties: N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A. Solid/gas flammability: N.A. Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = N.A. 9.2. Other information

Substance Groups relevant properties N.A. Miscibility: N.A. Conductivity: N.A.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

- 10.2. Chemical stability
 - Data not available.
- **10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions** None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

- **10.5. Incompatible materials** None in particular.
- 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity		Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
b) skin corrosion	/irritation	The product is classified: Skin Irrit. 2(H315)		
c) serious eye da	amage/irritation	The product is classified: Eye Dam. 1(H318)		
d) respiratory or	skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1B(H317)		
e) germ cell mut	agenicity	Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
f) carcinogenicity	/	Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
g) reproductive t	oxicity	Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
h) STOT-single e	exposure	The product is classified: STOT SE 3(H335)		
i) STOT-repeated	d exposure	Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
j) aspiration hazard		Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:				
CALCIUM DIHYDROXIDE	a) acute toxicity	y LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg		
		LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat > 6.04 mg/l 4h		
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2500 mg/kg		
b) skin corrosion c) serious eye damage/irritatior		/irritation Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive		
		Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes on		
	d) respiratory or sensitisation	or skin Skin Sensitization Negative		
	f) carcinogenicity	ty Carcinogenicity Oral Rat = 517 mg/kg NC	OAEL	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

No data available for the product

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components Component Ident. Numb. Ecotox Data

CALCIUM DIHYDROXIDE	CAS: 1305-62-0 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish rainbow trout = 50.6 mg/L 96h - EINECS: 215-
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a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 49.1 mg/L 48h

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Crangon septemspinosa = 32 mg/L 48h - 14days

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata = 184.57 mg/L 72h ,,OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 300.4 mg/L 3h ,,OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test

d) Terrestrial toxicity : NOEC Worm Eisenia fetida = 2000 mg/kg ,,OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)

d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC10 soil microorganisms = 4000 mg/kg, Guideline: BBA VI, 1-1 (1990) under consideration of OECD 216 (2000) and OECD 217 (2000).

12.2. Persistence and degradability

N.A.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.6. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

N.A.

14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name

N.A

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class:

14.4. Packing group

N.A.

ADR-Packing Group:

14.5. Environmental hazards

N.A

14.6. Special precautions for user

N.A.

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

N.A. Air (IATA):

N.A.

Sea (IMDG):

N.A.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Workplace exposure limit within the meaning of the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (WEL-EH40) REACH regulation as changed by the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations (UK REACH) CLP regulation as changed by the Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU

Exit) Regulations (GB CLP)

GB PIC legislation - (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 as changed by the Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc) (EU Exit) Regulations

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII of UK REACH:

Restrictions related to the product: None.

Restrictions related to the substances contained: None.

Additional Regulatory Information for Great Britain

No Additional Information

Provisions related to the Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015 (GB implementation of Seveso III):

None

GB PIC Legislation:

No substances listed

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
Code 3.2/2	Hazard class and hazard category Skin Irrit. 2	Description Skin irritation, Category 2
	5,	•
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to GB CLP regulation:

Classification according to GB CLP	Classification procedure
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1B, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended. This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand COV: Volatile Organic Compound CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment CSR: Chemical Safety Report DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL: Derived No Effect Level. DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration ECHA: European Chemicals Agency EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances. ES: Exposure Scenario GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals. IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association. IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care KAFH: Keep Away From Heat KSt: Explosion coefficient. LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population. LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population. LDLo: Leathal Dose Low N.A.: Not Applicable N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not defined/ Not available NA: Not available NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PGK: Packaging Instruction PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. **PSG:** Passengers RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail. STEL: Short Term Exposure limit. STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity. TLV: Threshold Limiting Value. TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard). vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

- 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION