kerakoll

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification: Trade name: PRIMEPLUS Trade code: KA0173/KA0174

Safety Data Sheet dated 19/07/2024 version 1

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Primer

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Kerakoll UK Ltd Tomlinson Road, Leyland, Lancashire, PR25 2DY, United Kingdom Tel. 01772 456831 safety@kerakoll.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

UK National Poisons Information Service. E-mail: npis.birmingham@nhs.net; Tel: +44 (0)344 892 0111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GB CLP regulation:

The product is not classified as dangerous according to GB CLP regulation.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

The product is not classified as dangerous according to GB CLP regulation.

Contains

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2- May produce an allergic reaction. benzisothiazolin-3-one

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2Hisothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2Hisothiazol-3-one (3:1) May produce an allergic reaction.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of UK REACH:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: PRIMEPLUS

Hazardous components within the meaning of GB CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
<0.05 %	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2 benzisothiazolin-3-one	EC:220-120-9	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400	

Acute 1, H400, EUH071

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed N.A.

IN.A

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

N.A.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Do not eat or drink while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product must be stored in waterproof, dry, clean conditions and protected from contamination. Do not use aluminium containers due to incompatibility of the materials.

The product contains cement with an addition of a Chromium reducing agent (VI) and its effectiveness decreases with time. Consequently, packaging's of the material indicate information about the production date, storing conditions and the appropriate storage period for the maintaining of the activity of the reducing agent and for maintaining the soluble Chromium (VI) amount under 2ppm over the total dry weight referred to cement (BS EN 196-10).

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s) None in particular Industrial sector specific solutions: None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 8.1. Control parameters

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- Exposure Route: Fresh Water: PNEC Limit: 4.03 µg/l one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one CAS: 2634-33-5

	Exposure Route:	Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1.1 μ g/l
	Exposure Route:	Marine water; PNEC Limit: 403 ng/L
	Exposure Route:	Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 110 ng/L
	Exposure Route:	Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 1.03 mg/l
	Exposure Route:	Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 49.9 µg/kg
	Exposure Route:	Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 4.99 μ g/kg
	Exposure Route:	Soil; PNEC Limit: 3 mg/kg
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	Exposure Route:	Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route:	Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route:	Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route:	Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route:	Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 μ g/l
	Exposure Route:	Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l
	Exposure Route:	Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 μ g/l
	Exposure Route:	Soil; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin- Worker Professional: 6.81 mg/m³; Consumer: 1.2 mg/m³ 3-one CAS: 2634-33-5 Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 966 µg/kg; Consumer: 345 µg/kg reaction mass of 5-Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects chloro-2-methyl-2H-Worker Professional: 20 µg/m³; Consumer: 20 µg/m³ isothiazol-3-one and 2methyl-2H-isothiazol-3one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Professional: 40 µg/m³; Consumer: 20 µg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 90 μ g/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 110 $\mu g/kg$

8.2. Exposure controls Eye protection: Not needed for normal use. Anyway, operate according good working practices. Protection for skin: No special precaution must be adopted for normal use. Protection for hands: Not needed for normal use. Protection: Not needed for normal use. Respiratory protection: N.A. Thermal Hazards: N.A. Environmental exposure controls: N.A. Hygienic and Technical measures N.A.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Liquid Appearance and colour: Liquid Green Odour: Characteristic Odour threshold: N.A. pH: 6.7 - 7.5 Melting point / freezing point: N.A. Initial boiling point and boiling range: 35 °C (95 °F) Flash point: > 93°C Evaporation rate: N.A. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A. Vapour density: N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A. Relative density: N.A. Solubility in water: Miscible Solubility in oil: N.A. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A. Auto-ignition temperature: N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A. Viscosity: N.A. Explosive properties: N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A. Solid/gas flammability: N.A. Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = N.A.

9.2. Other information

Substance Groups relevant properties N.A. Miscibility: N.A. Conductivity: N.A.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

- Data not available.
- 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

	• • •• · · •p•						
a) acute toxicity		Not clas	ssified				
			Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met				
b) skin corrosion/irritation		Not classified					
		Based o	on available data, the classification criteria are not met	I.			
c) serious eye da	c) serious eye damage/irritation		ssified				
			on available data, the classification criteria are not met	ī.			
d) respiratory or	skin sensitisation	Not clas	ssified				
		Based o	on available data, the classification criteria are not met	I			
e) germ cell muta	agenicity	Not clas	ssified				
		Based o	on available data, the classification criteria are not met	t			
f) carcinogenicity	1	Not clas	ssified				
		Based o	on available data, the classification criteria are not me	t			
g) reproductive t	oxicity	Not clas	ssified				
		Based o	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met				
h) STOT-single e	xposure	Not classified					
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					
i) STOT-repeated	l exposure	Not classified					
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					
j) aspiration haza	ard	Not classified					
		Based o	on available data, the classification criteria are not me	ī			
Toxicological information	on on main com	ponents	of the mixture:				
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin- 3-one			LD50 Oral Rat = 670 mg/kg				
			LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg				
	b) skin corrosion	/irritatior	n Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative				
	c) serious eye		Eye Corrosive Positive	irreversible damage			
	damage/irritation	٦		-			
d) respirato sensitisatior		skin	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Positive				
	f) carcinogenicity	/	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Oral route			
	g) reproductive t	oxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 112 mg/kg				
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	a) acute toxicity		LD50 Oral Rat = 69 mg/kg				
			LD50 Skin Rabbit = 141 mg/kg				
			LC50 Inhalation Rat = 0.33 mg/l 4h				
	b) skin corrosion,	/irritatior	n Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive				
	c) serious eye damage/irritatior	า	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive				

Skin Sensitization Positive

Carcinogenicity Skin Negative

No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 22.7

Genotoxicity Negative

mg/kg

d) respiratory or skin

g) reproductive toxicity

sensitisation

f) carcinogenicity

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

No data available for the product

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2- benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS: 2634-33-5 - EINECS: 220- 120-9 - INDEX: 613-088-00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorynchus mykiss = 2.15 mg/L 96h OECD Guideline 203
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 2.9 mg/L 48h OECD Guideline 202
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae green alga Selenastrum capricornutum freshwater algae = 110 μ g/L OECD Guideline 201
		d) Terrestrial toxicity: EC50 Worm Eisenia fetida > 410.6 mg/kg OECD Guideline 207 - Duration 14d
		d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC10 soil microorganisms = 263.7 mg/kg - long term
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: NOEC Sludge activated sludge 10.3 mg/L 3h OECD Guideline 209
		e) Plant toxicity : LC50 Triticum aestivum = 200 mg/kg OECD Guideline 208
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	9 - INDEX: 613-	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 0.19 mg/L 96h EPA OPP 72-1 (Fish Acute Toxicity Test)
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Danio rerio = 0.02 mg/L ,,OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test) - 35days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.16 mg/L 48h EPA OPP 72-2 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test)
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.1 mg/L EPA OPP 72-4 (Fish Early Life-Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle Studies) - 21days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae Skeletonema costatum = 0 mg/L 96h ,,OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 4.5 mg/L 3h ,,OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)
		d) Terrestrial toxicity: LC50 Worm Eisenia fetida = 613 mg/kg ,,OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests) - 14days
		e) Plant toxicity : NOEC Trifolium pratense, Oryza sativa, Brassica napus = 1000 mg/L OECD Guideline 208 (Terrestrial Plants Test: Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test) - 21days
orgistones and degradability		

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persitence/Degradability:	Test	Notes:
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2 benzisothiazolin-3-one	2- Non-readily biodegradable	CO2 production	OECD Guideline 301C
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2 methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Non-readily biodegradable -		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	al		

Component	Bioaccumulation	Test	Value	Notes:
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2 benzisothiazolin-3-one	- Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentrantion factor	6.620	

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.6. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.1. UN number N.A.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

N.A.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

N.A.

14.4. Packing group

N.A.

14.5. Environmental hazards

N.A.

14.6. Special precautions for user

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N.A.
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Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

N.A.

Air (IATA):

N.A. Sea (IMDG):

N.A.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Workplace exposure limit within the meaning of the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (WEL-EH40)

REACH regulation as changed by the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations (UK REACH)

CLP regulation as changed by the Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations (GB CLP)

GB PIC legislation - (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 as changed by the Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc) (EU Exit) Regulations

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII of UK REACH:

Restrictions related to the product: None.

Restrictions related to the substances contained: None.

Additional Regulatory Information for Great Britain

No Additional Information

Provisions related to the Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015 (GB implementation of Seveso III):

None

GB PIC Legislation:

No substances listed

SVHC Substances:

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No SVHC substances present in concentration >= 0.1\%
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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX'S DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care

KAFH: Keep Away From Heat

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

LDLo: Leathal Dose Low

N.A.: Not Applicable

N/A: Not Applicable

N/D: Not defined/ Not available

NA: Not available

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PGK: Packaging Instruction

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

PSG: Passengers

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).

vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.